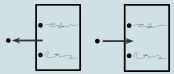
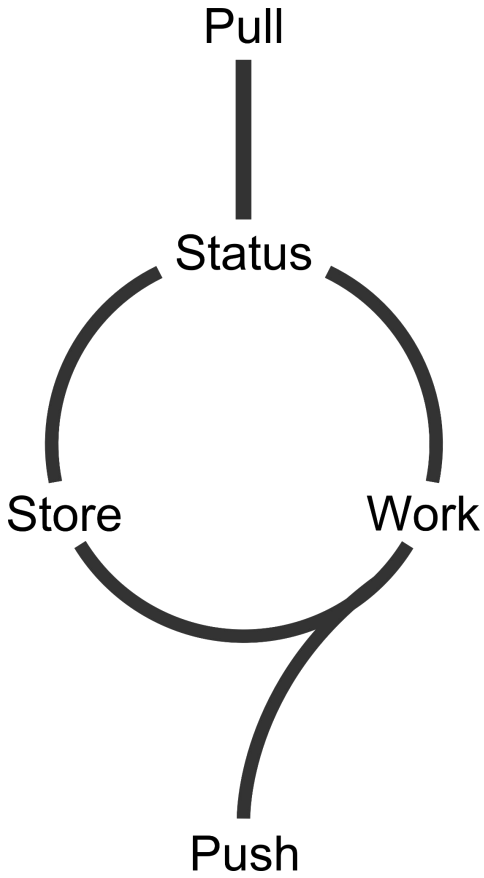
Git for beginners - a visual workflow cheat sheet

Status

	pull	{from} {to}	Pull changes {from} remote {to} local branch
	status		Current branch, staged & unstaged changes
	log		Consult previous commits
	branch		Overview existing and current branches

Work

	switch	-c {new}	Switch to and (-c)reate {new} branch
	diff	[file]	Compare unstaged changes of [file]
	restore	[file]	Restore [file] to latest commit (changes lost)
	stash | pop		Take out - | bring back - unstaged changes



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Legends:
[Hello] Path to file or directory named `Hello`
{John} Branch named `john`
(awesome) Commit tag called `awesome`

Workflow example
Start of day
> cd /dir/to/repo
Update working branch from remote
> git pull origin dev
New feature = new branch
> git switch -c fix_syntax
...Work on script.py and script.sh
Test and review changes
> git diff script.py
Stage and commit changes
> git add script.py script.sh
> git commit
merge into dev branch
> git switch dev
> git merge fix_syntax
> git branch -d fix_syntax
Push changes to remote
> git push origin dev

Store

add	[file or dir]	Stage changes to [file] or all files in [dir]

reset	[file]	Unstage yet keep, changes to [file]

commit		Store staged changes

reset	--hard	Remove all staged and unstaged changes

push	{to} {from}	Push changes {to} remote {from} local branch

Maintenance

merge	{old}	Merge {old} branch into current branch

branch	-d {old}	Delete {old} branch for cleanup after merge

tag	(tag) #cmt	At a (tag) to latest commit or specific #cmt

rebase	-i #cmt	Clean up in latest or specified commits

commit	--amend	Add staged changes to latest commit